Supplementary Figure S3. Pilot data replicating experiments 1 (flower stimuli) and 3 (colored gratings) with black&white grating stimuli in three subjects. The findings closely match those of main figures 1 and 3, indicating that the results of these experiments did not depend on color, but that they can be accounted for by shape-information. Parameters were the same as for expt. 3, apart from two differences: firstly, stimuli were all black-and-white (i.e., lacked differences in hue). Secondly, the initial pair of stimuli shown during flash-suppression had 50% (first stimulus) and 100% (second stimulus) contrast (which reduced fail-rates in flash-suppression), with both stimuli following the interruption having equal contrast of 75%. The two-way ANOVA showed a significant interaction of ‘time’ and ‘eye’ (F(1,8)=24.63, p<0.002), as well as significance for ‘time’ (F(1,8)=43.74, p<0.0002) with a trend for ‘eye’ (F(1,8)=2.58, p=0.15), with similar results in each single subject. Error bars: S.E.