Supplementary Figure 1: Regional mean pupil deviations for stimulus Macula-bal in Type 1 diabetes patients with PDR. Response amplitudes from both eyes have been combined by reversing the results of the right eye such that the nasal field is on the right for each eye. (A) mean contraction amplitude deviations from normative data for each region. Contraction deviations show a bias towards significant sensitivity loss outside the borders of the macula with 8 regions reaching significance (*P<0.05). (B) mean time to peak deviations for subjects with PDR. The background grey level represents a deviation of 0. Nineteen regions (47.5%) produced significantly shorter responses than normal.