**Supplementary Figure 3**. Anterior segment photographs of rat eyes showing the effect of cysteamine (CSH) on selenite-induced cataract formation. Cataract formation was induced in rat pups by a single subcutaneous injection of sodium selenite (20 μmol/kg BW) in PBS on postpartum day 13, and pups were injected with various concentrations of cysteamine (PBS only, 30, 40, and 60 mg/kg BW) intraperitoneally for 14 days. Anterior segment photographs were taken at day 14 after selenite injection.