Supplementary Figure 1. Autofluorescence stippling patterns in severe preeclampsia. Images representing no stippling (A), minor stippling (B), and severe stippling (C, marked by asterisks). Images A and B are from normotensive postpartum women, and image C is from a woman with severe preeclampsia.
Supplementary Figure 2. Resolution of choroidal thickening 3 months postpartum. Images from a 26-year-old woman with severe preeclampsia at 1 day postpartum (top panel) and 3 months postpartum (bottom panel). Autofluorescence and infrared imaging (A, B, D, E) reveal no significant changes over time. EDI SD-OCT imaging (C, F) reveals a choroid of 413 μm 1 day postpartum, with resolution to 336 μm 3 months later.
Supplementary Figure 3. Diminishing retinal and choroidal changes in the postpartum period. Images from a patient with severe preeclampsia at 6 days postpartum (top panel), 17 days postpartum (middle panel), and 3 months postpartum (bottom panel). Autofluorescence (image A in each panel) and infrared imaging (image B in each panel) demonstrates resolving stippled lesions (marked by asterisks), resolving subretinal fluid (marked by arrow in C of top image), and enhanced depth imaging spectral domain optical coherence tomography (image C in each panel) reveals resolving hyperreflective foci in the inner segment/outer segment junction (marked by dashed boxes) and choroidal thicknesses of 594 μm, 583 μm, and 563 μm (marked by arrowheads) over time.